

**Демонстрационный вариант контрольного измерительного материала
по английскому языку в формате Единого Государственного Экзамена
для 10 класса (письменная часть)
Инструкция по выполнению работы**

Письменная часть экзаменационной работы по английскому языку состоит из четырёх разделов, включающих в себя 23 задания.

На выполнение заданий письменной части экзаменационной работы отводится 2 часа (120 минут).

Раздел 1(задания по аудированию) содержит 2 задания.

Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий раздела – 20 минут.

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению) содержит 2 задания на понимание прочитанных текстов.

Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий раздела – 30 минут.

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике) состоит из 18 заданий.

Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий раздела – 40 минут.

Раздел 4 (задание по письму) представляет из себя написание письма личного характера.

Рекомендуемое время выполнения раздела «Письмо» – 30 минут.

Баллы, полученные Вами за выполненные задания, суммируются.

Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов

Общее количество баллов за письменную часть -50 баллов (аудирование-13 баллов; чтение-13 баллов; лексика, грамматика-18 баллов; письмо 6 баллов).

После завершения работы проверьте, чтобы ответ на каждое задание в бланках ответов № 1 и №2 был записан под правильным номером.

Критерии оценивания письма личного характера:

1. Решение коммуникативной задачи (2 балла);
2. Организация текста (2 балла);
3. Языковое оформление текста (2 балла).

Желаем успеха!

Раздел 1. Аудирование

Задание 1. Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.

1. Be active and try something new on holiday
2. Beach holidays make people boring
3. A chance to discover more about oneself
4. New places are the best places to go to
5. Holidays are perfect for hobbies and pastimes
6. Restful holidays involve family and friends
7. Extreme sports can ruin your holiday

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

Задание 2. Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A–G соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – **True**), какие не соответствуют (2 – **False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – **Not stated**). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A) Kate is thinking about a present for her former school friend.
- B) Kate usually easily chooses presents for her friends.
- C) Kate keeps in contact with her friend via a social network.
- D) Kate's friend was born in Peru.
- E) Kate's friend enjoys local music.
- F) Tom believes music preferences reveal a lot about a person.
- G) Tom is a connoisseur of the type of music Kate needs.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

Раздел 2. Чтение

Задание 3. Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами A–G. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Mixing styles | 5. Celebrity Style |
| 2. Internet sensation | 6. Cheaper to buy |
| 3. Short lifetime | 7. Rebels no more |
| 4. Money worries | 8. Shopping frenzy |

A. Youth sub-culture isn't what it used to be. In the 1960s, youths who were protesting against their parents or society dressed a certain way to show their anger, or to feel like they belonged to something. Nowadays, parents are more accepting of their children, and society is more accepting of different people. There is less of a need to act out, so there are fewer sub-cultures as a result.

B There are still a few youth sub-cultures these days. One phenomenon is haul girls – teenage girls who shop till they drop, then come home with a big ‘haul’, usually several bags of clothes. Then they make a video of what they bought, and not just any old video, either. They put great effort into it, with editing and a storyline. It’s their way of showing off what they love to do.

C. In the old days, it took quite a lot of cash to get the look you desired. If you wanted to be Goth, going out and buying black boots, black clothes and black jewellery would cost a considerable amount. It’s all become more affordable now, so you can belong to one youth sub-culture one week and another the next, more or less.

D. There are fewer differences between youth sub-cultures than there used to be. In the old days, a hippie looked like a hippie. A punk looked like a punk, and nothing else. But it seems that the youth of today sometimes combines looks. One example is seapunk, which is punk but much more colourful and with a bit of hip-hop added. At least it’s still very creative!

E
A youth sub-culture is defined by many things. It’s the need to stand out, or the need to protest, or the need to belong. These days, kids are quite worried about their future. University has become very expensive, and the job market isn’t as strong as it used to be. How can anyone focus on creating a unique style when they’re facing such deep financial concerns?

F
Sometimes a youth sub-culture can come out of nowhere. Take Molly Soda, for example. Molly Soda is a teenage girl who posted some short films on YouTube that quickly became highly popular. Her style of dress, with her blue hair and nose piercing, is now copied by thousands of girls who find it cool. They’re called Molly Soda girls, from a youth sub-culture born overnight!

G
It is true that youth sub-cultures are like trends. They are born, they gain popularity, and then soon enough, everyone’s joined in. At that point, they are finished. This timeline used to be much longer than it is today. Now, with social media, trends spread much faster, which means they die a death much faster, too. A sub-culture is lucky if it lasts a whole year these days!

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Заголовок							

Задание 4. Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски А–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 — лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

After the Second World War, officials in the Soviet Union embarked on a building frenzy to add a grand architectural style to Moscow’s skyline. As put by Joseph Stalin, the country’s leader who had led the nation during the war, the Soviet Union was victorious, A _____ .

The Seven Sisters are a collection of seven buildings that Stalin commissioned to be built between 1947 and 1953. His thinking was to have skyscrapers just like existed in Western cities such as New York and London. It was a matter of prestige for the Soviet nation, he felt, B _____ .

The idea for the first ever Moscow skyscraper had actually come before the Second World War. The building, the Palace of the Soviets, was never completed. Construction began in 1937, but the German invasion in 1941 halted work C _____ .

Each of the Seven Sisters has a large base of several floors, with the base size varying from one building to the next. The upper floors are much less wide than the base D _____. The building

designs are both elegant and imposing.

The buildings served various purposes, which have not changed since their erection. Some are hotels, such as the Hotel Ukraina, E ____ . When it opened in 1957, it was the world's tallest hotel building. Other buildings house government ministries, such as the Ministry of Foreign Affairs for the Russian Federation. Strangely, the term 'Seven Sisters' is not used by Russians. Rather, they call the buildings 'Stalinskie Vysotki', or 'Stalin's skyscrapers'. The style was replicated in former USSR and Eastern Bloc countries F__ , places that were influenced by Stalinist architecture.

1. and the building materials were removed and used for military defense
2. with the focus on creating the greatest buildings known to man
3. and can be seen in Kiev, Warsaw and Bucharest
4. and it was one of his missions to make that a reality
5. yet its capital had nothing to show for it
6. with the top consisting of a tower which narrows to a point
7. which has since been renamed the Radisson Royal Hotel

Пропуск	A	B	C	D	E	F
Часть предложения						

Раздел 3. Грамматике и лексика

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 5-10, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста.

Funny noise

Maria was lying on her bed reading quietly. All of a sudden, she heard the strangest noise, which sounded something like insects, 5_____ (COME) from the living room.

Initially, she tried to ignore it but it just became more and more annoying. So, finally she

6_____ (GO) to investigate.

There in the living room, on the coffee table, was her laptop. On the screen, a pop-up advert

7___ (APPEAR), probably half an hour earlier, for a game with thousands of crickets. With one quick click, there was peace and quiet in the house again.

A knight in shining armour

Elton John is an extremely famous British pop star. People all around the world 8_____ (HEAR) of him, but not so many know that his official title is Sir Elton John? How did he become 'Sir Elton'? In past centuries, only successful military commanders and politicians 9_____ (AWARD) the title for services to their country. However, in 1917, the British government decided to extend the title to other citizens.

To become a Sir, you have to 'receive a knighthood', an honour only ever 10_____ (GIVE) to men. However, many women, such as Judi Dench and Julie Andrews, have the equivalent title for females, which is 'Dame'.

When a person becomes a Sir or a Dame, they can add this title to their name. It's one of the greatest honours a person can receive in the UK.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 11- 15

Student exchange programmes

Student exchange programmes provide an incredible opportunity for students of one country to go and study at institutions abroad. At their best, they are culturally satisfying and highly 11_____ (EDUCATION).

For short-term exchange programmes, students may spend just a summer in the host country. For longer-term programmes, students 12_____ (GENERAL) live in the host country for 10–12 months. Students are often expected to have a firm grasp of the language before they go. Students from Germany, for example, must usually have the 13____ (ABLE) to communicate in English in order to participate in an American exchange programme.

It is typical for students to stay with a host family while they are studying abroad. This provides them with the opportunity of learning at close quarters what daily life in the host country is really like. Students enter the host country with a special student visa. Applications can take six to ten months to process, and students must return home once time is up. It is usually 14_____ (POSSIBLE) for them to stay longer.

When students return home, they are sometimes required to share what they have learnt with others. This might be achieved by them giving some kind of 15 _____ (PRESENT) to their tutors or classmates.

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 16 – 22. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 16-22, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов (1,2,3 или 4). Установите соответствие номера пропуска варианту ответа.

Siberian tiger

With its bright stripes and loud roar, the Siberian tiger is truly is an impressive animal. Indigenous to eastern Russia, north-east China and parts of North Korea, the Siberian tiger can 16) a length of 286 cm which 17) it the largest living tiger.

Siberian tigers are fierce predators and primarily hunt wild boar and elk.18) to the fact that their prey is found across wide areas, the Siberian tiger requires a large territory to survive. An adult male cat will roam a territory up to 1,000 km². The tiger moves through its territory 19)and hunts at night. Using its keen vision and hearing along with a powerful 20)of smell, it sneaks up on its prey stealthily. Its stripes help camouflage it 21) the tall grass. It can run extremely fast over short distances and can leap 3 metres in a single bound!

Unfortunately, there are only a few hundred Siberian tigers left in Russia and 22) fewer in China and North Korea. We all need to come together to protect the Siberian tiger and its habitat.

- 16 1) grow 2) reach 3) expand 4) develop
17 1) does 2) makes 3) causes 4) creates
18) 1) due 2) because 3) since 4) as

- 19) 1) alone 2) solo 3) lonely 4) one
20) 1) feeling 2) sense 3) taste 4) nose
21) 1) on 2) with 3) across 4) in
22) 1) more 2) much 3) just 4) even

Раздел 4. Письмо

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Mike who writes:

... I've got new hobbies – recording birds' songs and taking pictures of wild life. What hobby do you have? How much time do you spend on it? What do your parents and friends think of your hobby?

Hooray! My elder brother promised to be back home from college on my birthday ...

Write a letter to Mike.

In your letter

– answer his questions

– ask **3 questions** about his elder brother

Write **100–140 words**.

Remember the rules of letter writing.

Ответы к заданиям

1	643157
2	2113311
3	7 8 6 1 4 2 3
4	5 4 1 6 7 3
5	coming
6	Went
7	Hadappeared
8	Haveheard
9	Wereawarded
10	Given
11	Educational
12	Generally
13	Ability
14	impossible
15	presentation
16	2
17	2
18	1
19	1
20	2
21	4
22	4
23	6

Оценка 5 45-50 баллов

Оценка 4 44-35 баллов

Оценка 3 34-25 баллов

Оценка 2 24 и меньше